

**Effect of Raspberry Ketone (Razpberi-K®)  
and  
Acute Resistance Exercise on  
Post-exercise Caloric Energy Expenditure**

*Final Statistical Report*

Submitted to Integrity Nutraceuticals  
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## SUMMARY

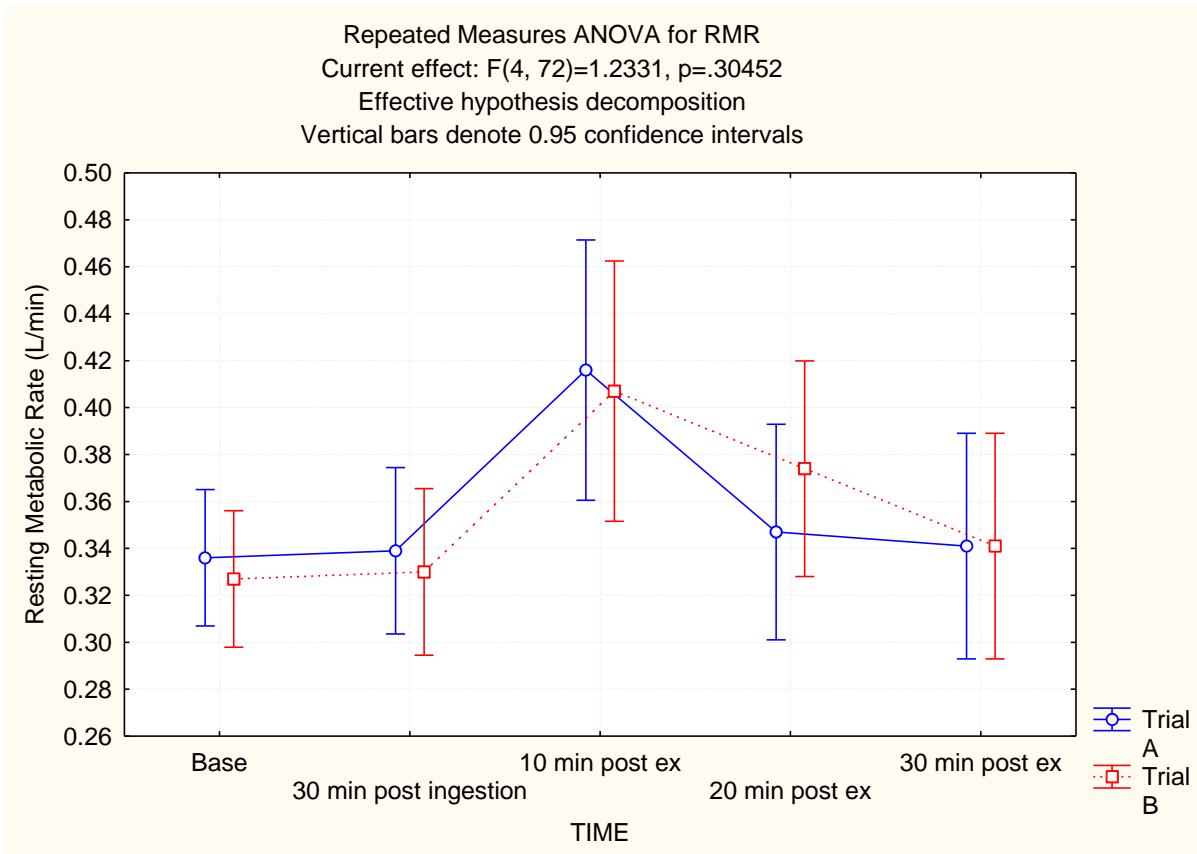
**Purpose:** The main purpose of this study was to determine if a single dose of raspberry ketone (RK) magnified the post-exercise increase in metabolic rate and/or fat oxidation (EPOC). A secondary purpose was to assess the safety profile of this ingredient after 30-days of continuous use. **Methods:** After giving informed consent and being cleared for participation, ten healthy subjects (eight men, two women) performed two EPOC trials in counterbalanced order. During the EPOC trials, subjects performed 3 sets of 6 exercises (squat, bench, stiff-legged dead-lift, bent-over row, shoulder press, and upright row) at a 10-12 repetition maximum weight load. Rest periods and exercise duration were standardized during both trials. Metabolic rate (via indirect calorimetry) and substrate oxidation (via respiratory exchange ratios) were measured twice during a pre-exercise baseline period (from 0-10 minutes before RK or placebo ingestion and from 20-30 minutes after RK or placebo ingestion), as well as 0-30 minutes post-exercise. After both EPOC trials were complete, all 10 subjects continued supplementing with 200 mg RK per day (in an open-label format) for 30-days. At the end of the 30-day period, subjects had a final blood draw to determine the effect of RK on standard clinical chemistry profiles. **Results:** As expected, resistance exercise significantly increased metabolic rate and carbohydrate oxidation relative to baseline, (via ANOVA, Figures 1 and 2) however, ingestion of RK did not appear to augment these responses compared to placebo. One possible exception is the trend towards an increase in fat oxidation ( $P<0.15$ ) that occurred 30-minutes post exercise during the RK trial (via ANCOVA, Figure 3). No significant changes in blood chemistry were noted after 30-days of RK supplementation, and all values remained within normal clinical limits (via Wilcoxon, Table 2). **Discussion:** These preliminary data indicate that: 1) a 200 mg dose of RK, when taken 30 minutes prior to whole-body resistance exercise, does not affect post-exercise metabolic rate; 2) a 200 mg dose of RK, when taken 30 minutes prior to whole-body resistance exercise, may enhance fat oxidation late into the recover period (i.e., 30 minutes or after); and 3) daily supplementation with 200 mg RK does not adversely affect clinical chemistry profiles. Although promising, we recommend follow-up studies using larger sample sizes, a higher dose of RK, and a longer timeframe between ingestion and the initiation of exercise (i.e., at least 60 minutes) in order to more fully comprehend the effects of this unique ingredient on human physiology.

**Table 1. Descriptive Statistics**

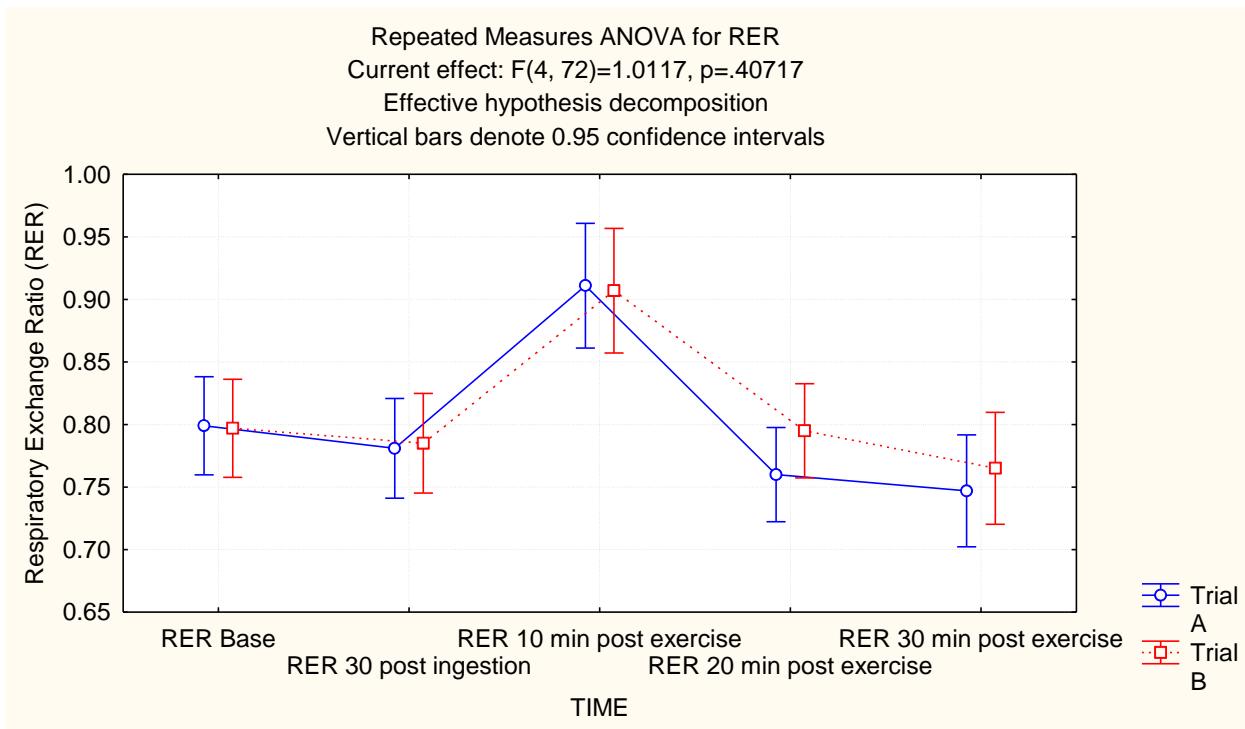
<b>Raz-K Trial (A)</b>	<b>Valid N</b>	<b>Mean</b>	<b>Min</b>	<b>Max</b>	<b>SD</b>	<b>SE</b>
<b>RMR Base</b>	10	0.3360	0.2900	0.4500	0.05232	0.01655
<b>RMR 30 post ingestion</b>	10	0.3390	0.2900	0.4600	0.05724	0.01810
<b>RMR 10 min post exercise</b>	10	0.4160	0.3100	0.5700	0.09823	0.03106
<b>RMR 20 min post exercise</b>	10	0.3470	0.2600	0.4600	0.07227	0.02285
<b>RMR 30 min post exercise</b>	10	0.3410	0.2400	0.4700	0.08279	0.02618
<b>RER Base</b>	10	0.7990	0.6500	0.8700	0.06437	0.02036
<b>RER 30 post ingestion</b>	10	0.7810	0.6400	0.8500	0.06190	0.01958
<b>RER 10 min post exercise</b>	10	0.9110	0.7800	1.0400	0.08412	0.02660
<b>RER 20 min post exercise</b>	10	0.7600	0.6200	0.8300	0.05617	0.01776
<b>RER 30 min post exercise</b>	10	0.7470	0.5600	0.8100	0.06977	0.02206
<b>Placebo Trial (B)</b>						
<b>RMR Base</b>	10	0.327000	0.260000	0.370000	0.033015	0.010440
<b>RMR 30 post ingestion</b>	10	0.330000	0.270000	0.420000	0.049216	0.015563
<b>RMR 10 min post exercise</b>	10	0.407000	0.320000	0.530000	0.065498	0.020712
<b>RMR 20 min post exercise</b>	10	0.374000	0.270000	0.450000	0.065862	0.020827
<b>RMR 30 min post exercise</b>	10	0.341000	0.250000	0.420000	0.060083	0.019000
<b>RER Base</b>	10	0.797000	0.660000	0.860000	0.053135	0.016803
<b>RER 30 post ingestion</b>	10	0.785000	0.630000	0.820000	0.057975	0.018333
<b>RER 10 min post exercise</b>	10	0.907000	0.820000	1.030000	0.064644	0.020442
<b>RER 20 min post exercise</b>	10	0.795000	0.670000	0.880000	0.057203	0.018089
<b>RER 30 min post exercise</b>	10	0.765000	0.600000	0.830000	0.064850	0.020507
<b>Safety Data</b>						
<b>Glucose (pre)</b>	10	89.2000	79.0000	99.0000	6.39097	2.02100
<b>Glucose (post)</b>	10	87.6000	77.0000	105.0000	8.26236	2.61279
<b>BUN (pre)</b>	10	17.3000	13.0000	24.0000	3.59166	1.13578
<b>BUN (post)</b>	10	17.9000	13.0000	24.0000	3.75500	1.18743
<b>Creatinine (pre)</b>	10	1.0000	0.8000	1.3000	0.18856	0.05963
<b>Creatinine (post)</b>	10	1.0100	0.7000	1.2000	0.19692	0.06227
<b>BUN/Creat ratio (Pre)</b>	10	17.9000	13.0000	30.0000	5.34270	1.68951
<b>BUN/Creat ratio (Post)</b>	10	18.3000	12.0000	24.0000	3.94546	1.24766
<b>Sodium (Pre)</b>	10	139.4000	137.0000	142.0000	1.50555	0.47610
<b>Sodium (Post)</b>	10	140.4000	139.0000	144.0000	1.64655	0.52068
<b>Potassium (Pre)</b>	10	4.3000	3.7000	4.7000	0.27889	0.08819
<b>Potassium (post)</b>	10	14.2400	3.6000	105.0000	31.89159	10.08501
<b>Chloride (pre)</b>	10	102.4000	98.0000	106.0000	2.50333	0.79162
<b>Chloride (post)</b>	10	94.6000	21.0000	106.0000	25.94952	8.20596

<b>CO2 (pre)</b>	10	24.8000	22.0000	28.0000	2.34758	0.74237
<b>CO2 (post)</b>	10	23.1900	9.9000	28.0000	4.85626	1.53568
<b>Calcium (pre)</b>	10	9.5800	9.2000	9.9000	0.22010	0.06960
<b>Calcium (post)</b>	10	9.4300	7.5000	10.3000	0.79449	0.25124
<b>Protein (Pre)</b>	10	7.0800	6.6000	7.5000	0.34254	0.10832
<b>Protein (post)</b>	10	7.2200	6.2000	7.8000	0.49844	0.15762
<b>Albumin (Pre)</b>	10	4.3300	4.1000	4.6000	0.15670	0.04955
<b>Albumin (post)</b>	10	4.4600	4.1000	4.8000	0.24129	0.07630
<b>Globulin (Pre)</b>	10	2.7500	2.2000	3.1000	0.32404	0.10247
<b>Globulin (post)</b>	10	2.7600	2.1000	3.2000	0.32387	0.10242
<b>A/G Ratio (pre)</b>	10	1.6000	1.4000	2.0000	0.21082	0.06667
<b>A/G Ratio (post)</b>	10	1.6300	1.4000	2.0000	0.18886	0.05972
<b>Bilirubin (pre)</b>	10	0.4900	0.2000	0.8000	0.23781	0.07520
<b>Bilirubin (post)</b>	10	0.4500	0.2000	0.7000	0.18409	0.05821
<b>Alkaline Phos (pre)</b>	10	69.8000	45.0000	114.0000	19.75292	6.24642
<b>Alkaline Phos (post)</b>	10	69.2000	38.0000	102.0000	19.87628	6.28543
<b>AST (Pre)</b>	10	27.8000	16.0000	58.0000	11.98888	3.79122
<b>AST (Post)</b>	10	36.3000	16.0000	98.0000	22.75009	7.19421
<b>ALT (Pre)</b>	10	28.2000	15.0000	61.0000	14.14842	4.47412
<b>ALT (Post)</b>	10	28.8000	13.0000	57.0000	12.54149	3.96597
<b>Chol (Pre)</b>	10	169.3000	113.0000	213.0000	30.32802	9.59056
<b>Chol (post)</b>	10	182.5000	119.0000	236.0000	33.88625	10.71577
<b>TAG (Pre)</b>	10	77.6000	57.0000	122.0000	18.87503	5.96881
<b>TAG (post)</b>	10	97.6000	40.0000	142.0000	38.48290	12.16936
<b>HDL (Pre)</b>	10	59.7000	49.0000	100.0000	15.37711	4.86267
<b>HDL (Post)</b>	10	56.9000	38.0000	102.0000	18.66935	5.90377
<b>VLDL (pre)</b>	10	15.5000	11.0000	24.0000	3.80789	1.20416
<b>VLDL (post)</b>	10	19.5000	8.0000	28.0000	7.56086	2.39096
<b>LDL (Pre)</b>	10	94.1000	43.0000	130.0000	26.21895	8.29116
<b>LDL (Post)</b>	10	106.1000	49.0000	160.0000	34.50749	10.91223

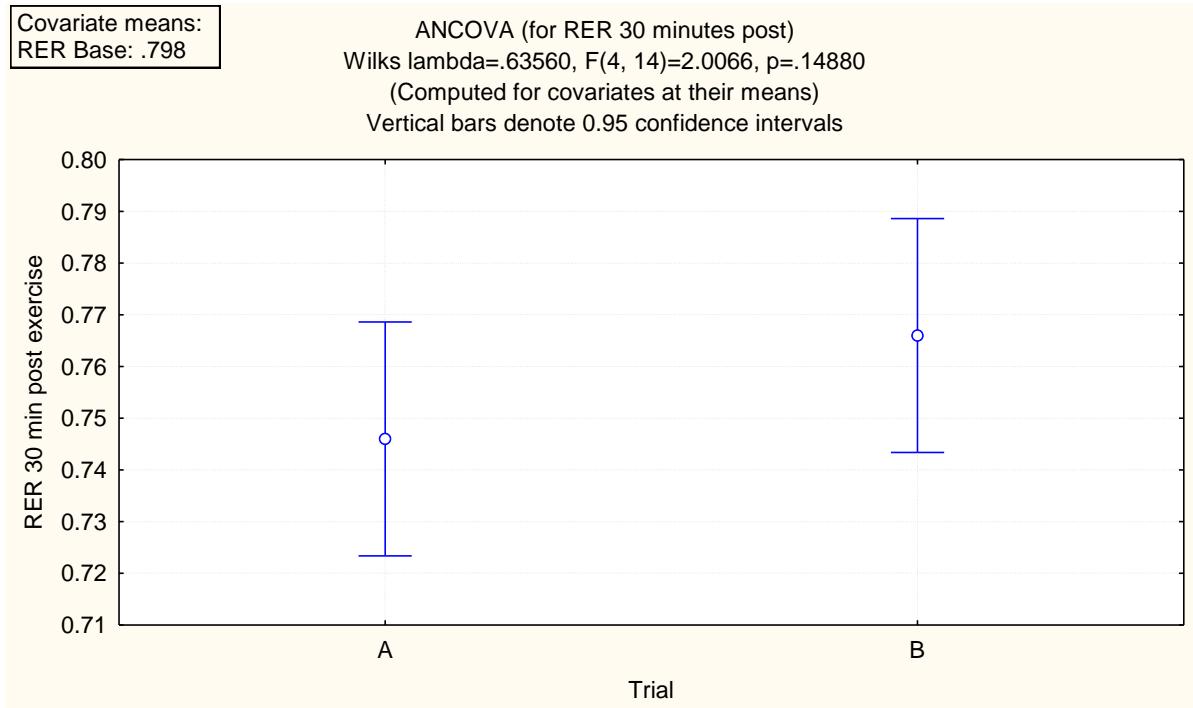
**Figure 1. Comparison of Raspberry Ketone (Trial A) vs. Placebo (Trial B) on Resting Metabolic Rate (RMR)**



**Figure 2. Comparison of Raspberry Ketone (Trial A) vs. Placebo (Trial B) on Substrate Oxidation (RER) at All Time Points**



**Figure 3. Comparison of Raspberry Ketone (Trial A) vs. Placebo (Trial B) on Substrate Oxidation (RER) at 30 min post exercise**



\* Lower RER reflects a greater reliance on fat as the metabolic fuel.

**Table 2. Pre vs. Post Differences for Phase II (30-day safety)**

Results: No changes from pre to post in any variable were noted.

Wilcoxon Matched Pairs Test (Razz data (final))				
	Valid	T	Z	p-level
Glucose (pre) & Glucose (post)	10	21.50000	0.611577	0.540818
BUN (pre) & BUN (post)	10	20.00000	0.296174	0.767097
Creatinine (pre) & Creatinine (post)	10	13.50000	0.630126	0.528613
BUN/Creat ratio (Pre) & BUN/Creat ratio (Post)	10	25.50000	0.203859	0.838464
<b>Sodium (Pre) &amp; Sodium (Post)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>7.00000</b>	<b>1.540308</b>	<b>0.123486</b>
Potassium (Pre) & Potassium (post)	10	18.50000	0.917365	0.358952
Chloride (pre) & Chloride (post)	10	19.00000	0.414644	0.678403
CO2 (pre) & CO2 (post)	10	24.50000	0.305788	0.759766
Calcium (pre) & Calcium (post)	10	20.00000	0.296174	0.767097
Protein (Pre) & Protein (post)	10	13.50000	1.066228	0.286321
<b>Albumin (Pre) &amp; Albumin (post)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>13.00000</b>	<b>1.477977</b>	<b>0.139415</b>
Globulin (Pre) & Globulin (post)	10	18.00000	0.000000	1.000000
A/G Ratio (pre) & A/G Ratio (post)	10	9.50000	0.760639	0.446873
Bilirubin (pre) & Bilirubin (post)	10	10.00000	0.676123	0.498963
Alkaline Phos (pre) & Alkaline Phos (post)	10	27.00000	0.050965	0.959354
<b>AST (Pre) &amp; AST (Post)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>8.00000</b>	<b>1.717812</b>	<b>0.085832</b>
ALT (Pre) & ALT (Post)	10	26.50000	0.101929	0.918813
<b>Chol (Pre) &amp; Chol (post)</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>12.00000</b>	<b>1.579906</b>	<b>0.114129</b>
TAG (Pre) & TAG (post)	10	16.00000	1.172189	0.241122
HDL (Pre) & HDL (Post)	10	19.00000	0.866400	0.386271
VLDL (pre) & VLDL (post)	10	11.00000	1.362402	0.173072
LDL (Pre) & LDL (Post)	10	15.50000	1.223153	0.221273

**Note: p-values (via dependent t-test) for Sodium = 0.12; Albumin = 0.13; AST = 0.28; Chol = 0.18.** These trends are difficult to interpret because there was no placebo group for comparative purposes (i.e., they could reflect normal variability). Nonetheless, all differences were small and all values remained well within normal clinical limits.